

Wright 211, 235 & 245 appear to be *Randia canthioides*
243 & 244 $\pm$ *Dysoxypora invidiflora*
217 *Guettardaella chinensis*

You will receive by this post a specimen of Host & Deutch. General Hostorum of which we intend to be jointly responsible. What I do Host's check, & what he does I check - He has been hard at *Crucifera* whilst I with his aid have got up three *Ranunculaceae* & have sketched out several other orders - We should be obliged by suggestions.

I find after all I cannot keep *Actinidia* in *Dilleniaceae* of which it has neither the calyx nor the anthers nor the seed. It must go with *Lauracea* into *Ternstroemiaceae* but I do not approve of Choisy's proposal to put the true *Ternstroemiaceae* next *Urticaceae* and retain only the *Camellieae* next *Guettardiaceae*.

I think I shall have near 1000 Hong Kong species (*Menispermaceae* & *Perniceae*) and after all reductions still probably 600 genera - not much above 1/2 species to a genus.

Yours ever sincerely
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My dear Gray

I last week received your note with the proof of the 1st sheet of my intended Revision of Hong Kong Flora which I did not return waiting for your second letter received today. I was greatly agreeing to stop the printing. As soon as I know what the printer's bill amounts to I will set it down in your account against what you owe me for *Grasses*, *Parasites* and *Hein Josses*. - I have only again to repeat thanks and excuses for the needless trouble I have put you to.

I have just done Hong Kong Compositae making little alterations in your names - chiefly reductions of DC's genera. *Aplopappus canthioides* must go into *Lampyris* - *Gnaphalium* into *Perniceae*. I take the *Lagenophora* of Asia to be the true *Brillharderia* (*L. pendula* Mill. & *L. Harveyi* Thwaites) & *L. parkyphya* F. Muell. for Host's *Ternstroemia* one may be distinct - *Asteromma hibernica* *Castanea canthioides* and *A. serrata* are all one species and as a genus I cannot distinguish

it from Rottlerin - and to the latter I should
also ascribe *Calimera indica* (*Heteropappus*
indica) which has also the very concave
receptacle and the rays achenia usually 3-4
and the pappus almost paleaceous. The
other *Calimera*'s, including *gossypifolia*
ought I think to be referred to *Aster*
- *Aster Deuthamii* Steud. (*Diplopappus asper-*
rimus, DC. *D. laevis* Deuth) become *Aster*
trenervius Persb. but Wright's & Schimper
distinct. I describe it as *A. brevipes* n. n.

Dubautia must certainly remain in *Senecio*
(*S. cappa* DC.) next to our *S. conopsea*
Xanthium indicum is certainly nothing
but *X. strumarium* for *Leptanthus* I follow
Miquel in adopting the specific name although
the *Wollastonia* is all *W. beyletana* DC. - I
should unite *Wollastonia* to *Wedelia*
if it were not that other American genera
must probably go in and that would
require more revision than I am quite
prepared to do - that *Gynethrum* is not
generically to be distinguished from
Chrysanthemum I have long been persuaded
- *Grosgera* should surely come in the *Cotula*
of which it has the style - *Dichrocephala*
on the other hand is a true *Aster* as J. Agnes-
meyer makes a shocking mess of *Corymbosus* one of
his new *Dichrocephala*'s is *Chrysanthemum*
(*Chrysanthemum*) - *Pleioogyne cardiosperma* DC.
and *Maackia hemiphorica* DC. are nothing
but *Cotula anthemoides*

Gnaphalium confertum Ait. is *G. hypoleucum*
DC. - *G. javanicum*, *ramigerum* & *confertum*
DC. & *G. Reenwardtianum* Miq. all belong to
G. multiceps Willd. - *Gynura ovalis* and
auriculata DC. *G. bulbosa* Hort. & Arn. and
Porophyllum hieracoides DC. are all *G.*
pseudochina which is both wild and
cultivated in China, but cultivated only
in Java India and the Mauritius
Emilia as a genus has not a leg much less
a style to stand upon distinct from *Senecio*
S. campylodes DC. & *S. thindii* Deuth are *S.*
chinensis DC. - *Ligularia Koenigii*
is a *Tarpegium* it has the *Antennaria* style
and some of the fls. bilabiate - and indeed
I suspect it is the wild state of *Tarpegium*
grande Lindl. - an erect *Tarpegium* runs
into *Ligularia*, bilabiate fls. are
frequent in that genus even in the
S. sibirica (see Reichb. figure) and the
anthers are slightly twisted in *S. aronicoides*
DC. & in a new Indian sp. - *Gerbera ovalis*
must be reduced to *G. piloselloides* which we
have from P. Watel from Madagascar
and from Abyssinia (*G. Koenigii* Sch. Bip.)
to *Gerbera verrucosa* below, also *Laetia*
gracilis DC.

Wright 239 in *Corallia*

- 217 & 247 I have called *Hedyotis coccinea*
- 216 = *Myrsine peruviana* *diffusa*
230 = *Randia dumetorum* except the specimen
in fr. which is *A. laevis*